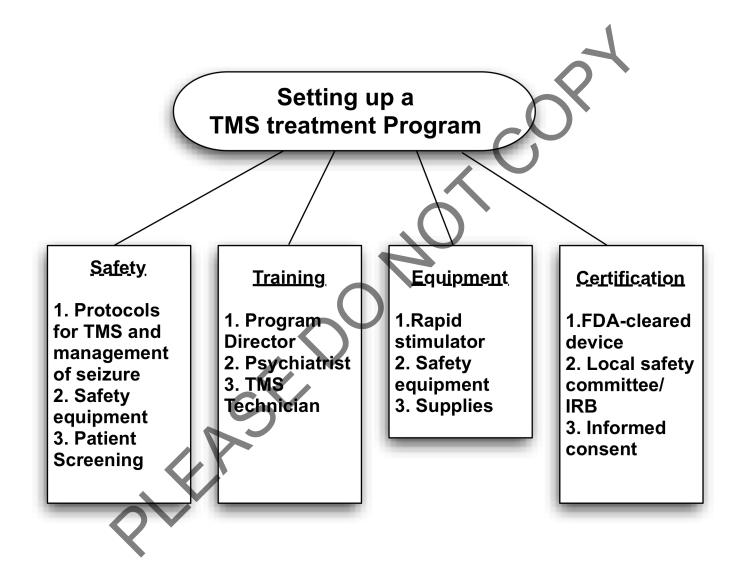


Setting up aTMS Clinic Daniel Press, M.D. Assistant Professor in Neurology, Harvard Medical School and **Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center**



Contents Safety and training of personnel Starting program Equipment Certification Evaluation and Consent Treatment Protocol Managing patients Assessment C Maintenance Cost/Billing Long term plans Future Developments





Personnel

- Clinicians (Neurology / Psychiatry)
- Administrative support
 - Scheduling
 - Providing information to prospective patients
 - Data collection
- Technicians
 - TMS trained
 - Basic Life Support
 - Patient interaction

Safety

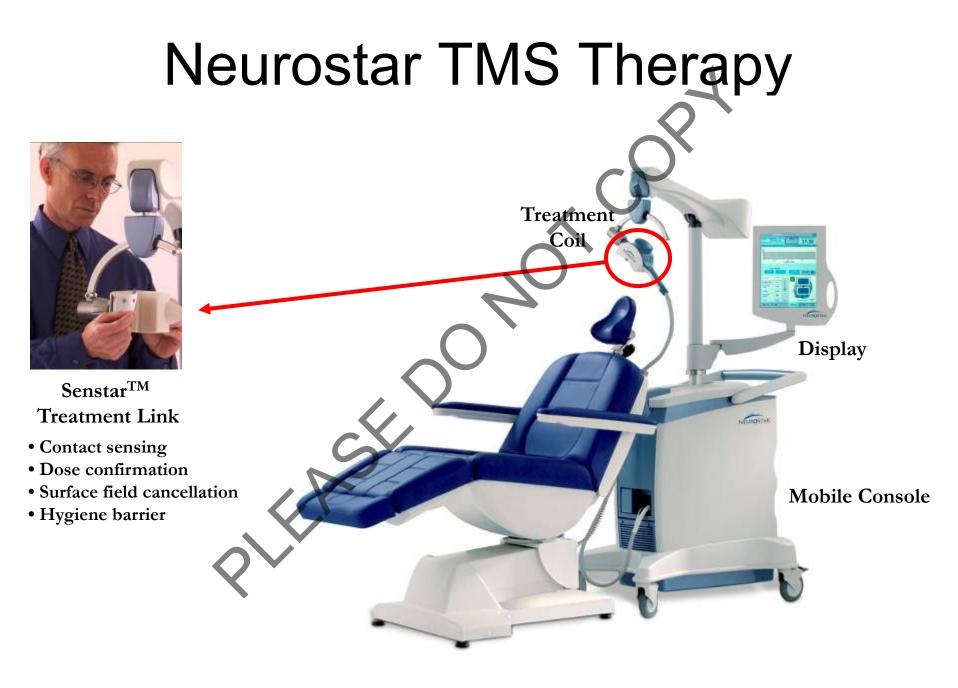
- Patient selection- seizure risk
- TMS protocol- 10-20hz vs. 1hz
- Safety equipment
 - In hospital
 - Clinic/outpatient setting
- Training of staff in management of seizures



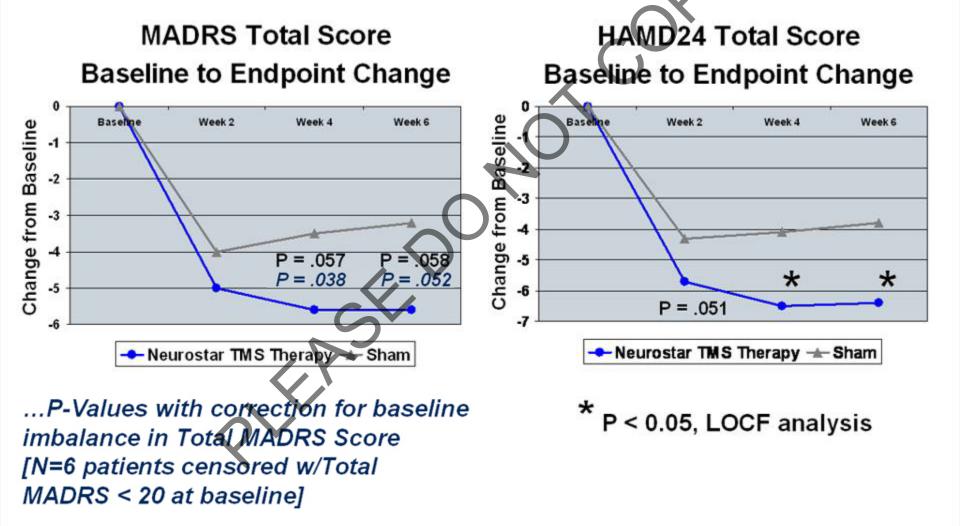
Equipment

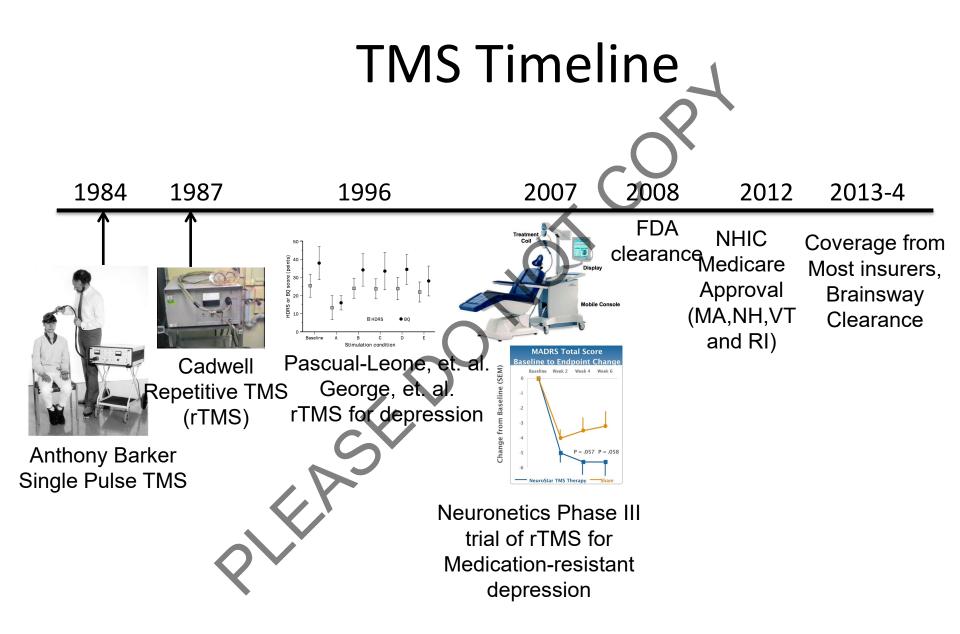
- TMS machine
 - Approved device options
 - Cooled coil
 - We use both neuronetics and magstim
- Earplugs and swimming cap
- Safety equipment
 - Tylenol
 - To treat a seizure
 - Emergency medical services

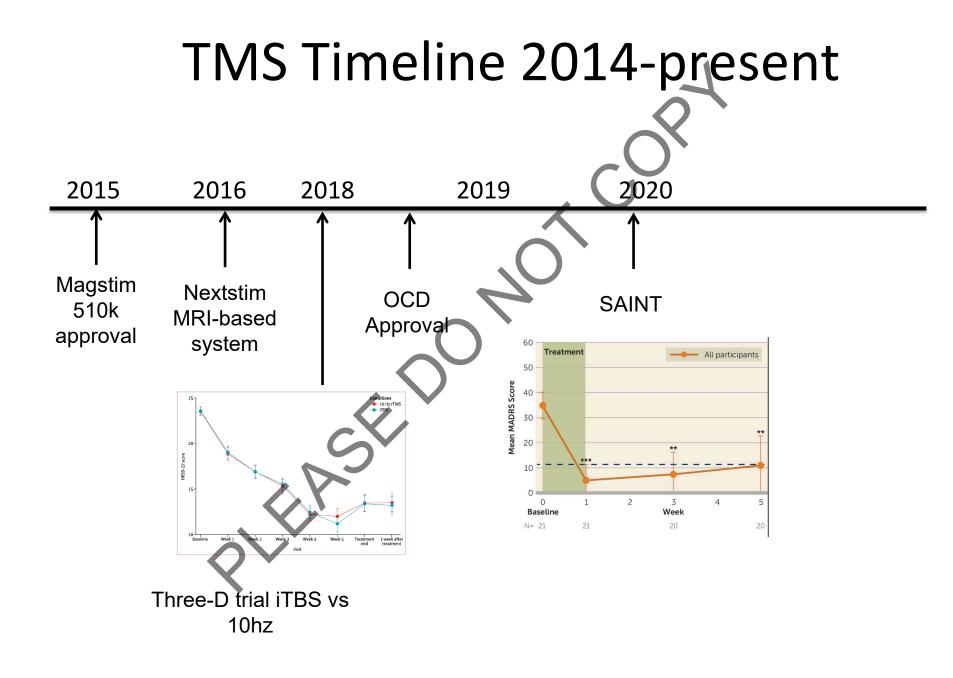




Effect on Continuous Outcomes MADRS and HAMD24 Rating Scales







Devices and Financial Models

Manuf.	Neuronetics	Brainsway	Magstim	Magventure	Nextstim
FDA cleared for depression:	Yes	Yes	Yes	yes	yes
Purchase model	Mixed (Purchase + starstim)	Rental	Purchase	Purchase	Mixed (purchase + tracker)



Initial Evaluation

- Referral from treating psychiatrist
- Neurology
 - Contraindications
 - Effect of medication on TMS
- Psychiatry
 - Caution if: Psychotic depression, bipolar, personality disorders
 - At least one adequate trial of antidepressant medication



Consent

- Local ethical/safety committee (not IRB!)
- Discussion of on-label vs. off-label treatment
- Explanation of side-effects
 - Seizure
 - Headache
 - Tinnitus/hearing loss



BIDMC Treatment Protocol

Site	Hemisphere	Frequency	Duration	Wait time	Repetitions
Neuronetics	Left DLPFC (120% MT)	10 Hz	4 seconds	26 seconds	75 (3000 pulses)
DLPFC	Right (110% MT)	1 Hz	1600 seconds	N/A	1 (1600 pulses)
Brainsway	Left DLPFC (120% MT)	18 Hz	2 seconds	20 seconds	55 (1980 pulses)
DLPFC (5.5 cm)	Left DLPFC (110% MT)	20 Hz	2 seconds	28 seconds	40 (1600 pulses)



Initiation Phase

- Treatments daily (excluding weekends)
- Mood assessed weekly
- Minimum 2 weeks
- Maximum 6 weeks
- Taper?

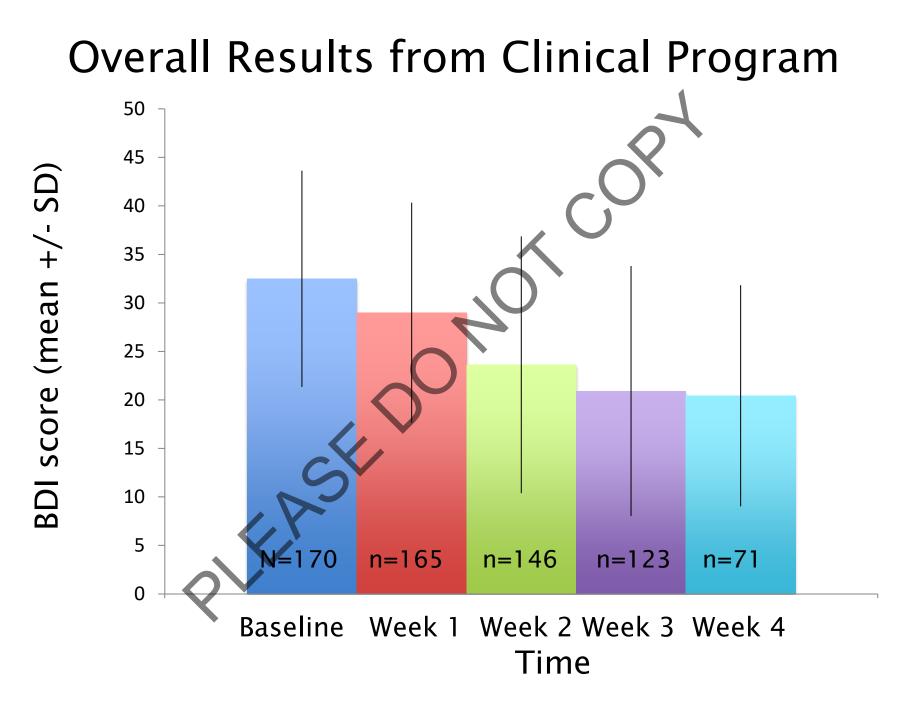
Alternatives being investigated

- Choosing protocol on symptom profile (anxiosomatic vs. dysphoric Siddiqi et. al)
- Using MRI guidance for targeting
- SAINT
- Pharmacology (d-cycloserine)



Assessment tools

- Beck, Hamilton, Visual-analogue scale
- Target symptoms
- Clinician evaluation of patient
- Other sources of information (e.g. family, referring psychiatrist)
- Side effects questionnaire
- Weekly meeting of all staff to discuss progress



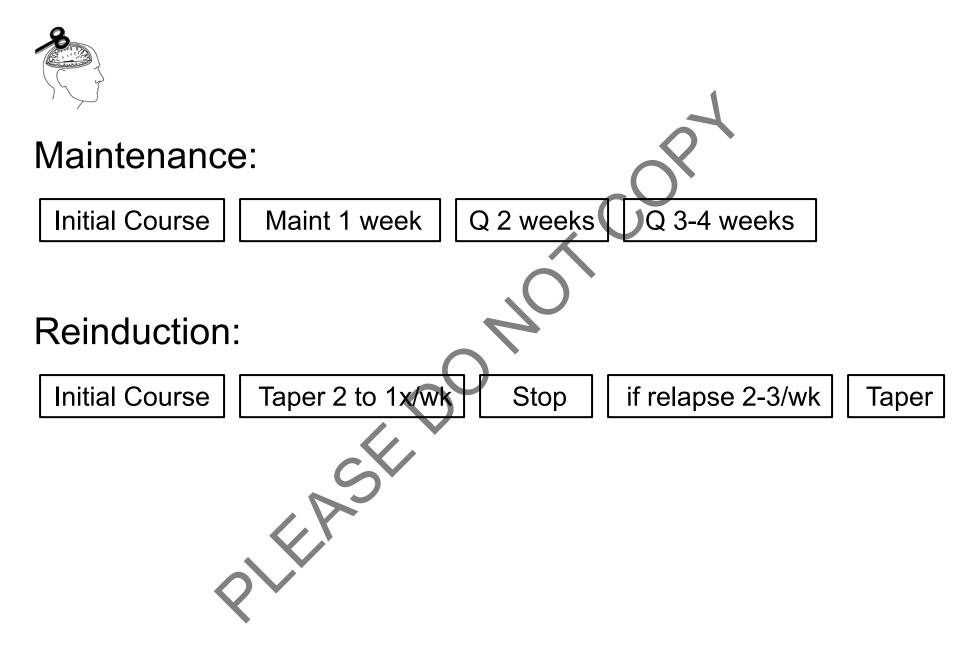


Maintenance Phase

- Minimal evidence (absence of evidence, not evidence of absence)
- Relapse prevention
 - Start with weekly treatment
 - Gradually space out sessions
- "Watchful Waiting"/reinduction

- Patient presents when feeling worse

• "Continuation" vs. "Maintenance"





- Medicare coverage across USA
- Insurance Coverage
- \$400-\$500 initial session with MT, then \$350-\$400 non-MT session

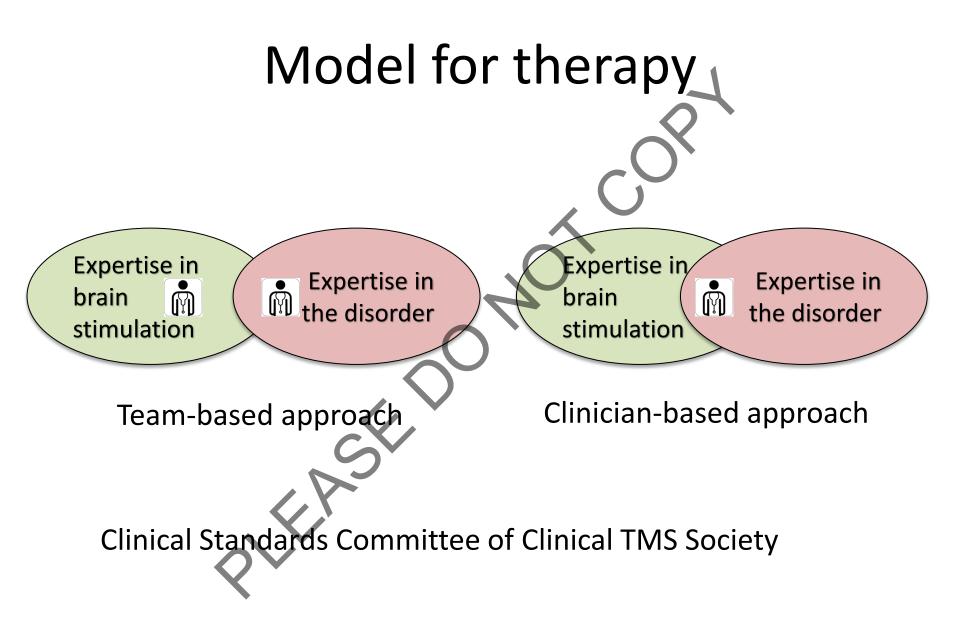
Cost

- How frequently to measure MT?
- Helping with reimbursement, creating fund for low income patients

Reimbursement for FMS

- Currently its approved by most payers (Medicare, BC/BS, Tufts)
- Each carrier has slightly different criteria
- New devices are coming on line





Future Developments

- Targeting (use of structural MRI's and fMRI's for intensity and targeting?)
- Interaction of rTMS with medications
- Predictors of response
- Monitoring response biologically
- Other indications (pain, seizures, stroke recovery, Parkinson's disease)

